

# The Oral Health of Australia

## Prevalence of dental decay

- Dental caries (tooth decay) is the most prevalent health problem in Australia
- Periodontal (gum) diseases are the fifth most prevalent health problem among Australians
- About 90% of all tooth loss can be attributed to dental caries and periodontal disease, both of which are preventable and treatable

(Australian Health Ministers' Advisory Council, 2001)

 Although preventable, dental decay is the second most costly diet-related disease in Australia, with an economic impact comparable to heart disease and diabetes

(AIHW, Health Expenditure Australia 2010-11)

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#### Childhood tooth decay and dental visits

- In 2010, 55% of six year olds had experienced decay in their primary (baby) teeth
- In 2010, 48% of 12 year olds had experienced decay in their permanent teeth (Oral Health and Dental Care in Australia: Key facts and figures 2015, AIHW)
- NSW had the highest proportion of children aged 5 to 14 who had never visited the dentist (15.6%, compared with 11% nationally)
- 46% of children in NSW had not visited a dentist before the age of five (The National Child Oral Health Study 2012-14)

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### Adult tooth decay

- Almost 29% of Australians aged 25 to 44 had untreated tooth decay
- Rates of untreated decay were highest among those with the lowest household income, and among those living in remote or very remote areas
- 19% of Australians over 65 years of age had no natural teeth

(Oral Health and Dental Care in Australia: Key facts and figures 2015, AIHW)

# Potentially preventable hospitalisations

- Dental conditions were the third-leading cause of potentially preventable hospitalisations in NSW (and nationally) in 2015-16
- There were 16,693 potentially preventable hospitalisations for dental conditions in NSW in 2015-16
- Dental conditions were the leading cause of potentially preventable hospitalisations for children aged 5 to 14 in NSW in 2014-15.
- Dental conditions were the secondleading cause of potentially preventable hospitalisations for kids aged 0 to 4.

(www.healthstats.nsw.gov.au)

# Oral health hospitalisations in NSW by reason, 2014-15

1) Developmental disorders of teeth: 19,895 (55%)

2) Dental caries: 8,979 (25%)

3) Other diagnoses: 4,387 (12%)

4) Other infection of teeth or gums: 2,140 (6%)

5) Injury: 487 (1.4%)

(www.healthstats.nsw.gov.a)

#### **Public dental waiting lists in NSW**

- 13,555 children and 98,322 adults were on NSW public dental waiting lists in June 2017
  - (health.nsw.gov.au)
- Waiting times for general dental treatment increased 46% in NSW from December 2014 to December 2016, up from 9.73 months to 14.24 months

(Senate Community Affairs Committee)

